Module 3

Overview of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program



Module 3 Contents

- 3a. Overview of stormwater legislation
- 3b. Virginia Stormwater Management Program
- 3c. Documentation requirements for non-locality VSMP authorities
- 3d. Annual standards and specifications
- 3e. The VSMP process
- 3f. Reports and record keeping
- 3g. Program reviews



Module 3a.

Overview of Stormwater Legislations



The Federal Water Pollution Control Act

- First major US law to address water pollution
- One of earliest references to clean water as a resource
- Act also set the precedent for a federal authority to regulate water quality



The Clean Water Act (1972)

- Congress passed major amendments to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act in 1972
- Now known as the Clean Water Act (CWA)



The Clean Water Act (1972)

- The amendments made a number of changes to strengthen the existing law including:
- Consolidated the control of water pollution policy under the administrator of the newly created US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- Established the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit Program



The Clean Water Act (1972)

Federal Clean Water Act (CWA)

Environmental
Protection Agency
(EPA) authorized to
implement water
pollution control
programs

National Pollutant
Discharge
Elimination System
(NPDES)



Federal Clean Water Act (CWA)



EPA authorized to implement water pollution control programs



NPDES



Virginia Stormwater
Management Act
authorizes the Virginia
Stormwater
Management Program
(VSMP)



Virginia delegated implementation of the NPDES permit program (VPDES)



NPDES regulates point source pollution discharges



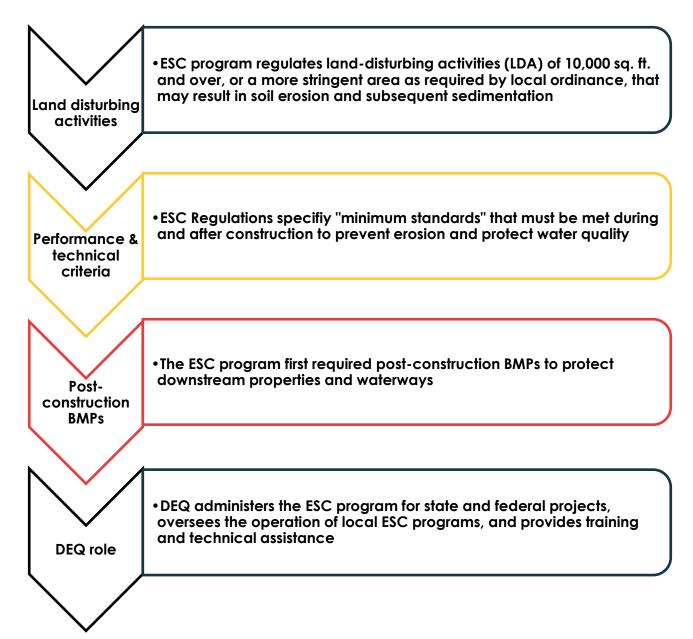
Construction GP



Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Law

- The Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control (ESC) Law was first passed in 1973
- The original law was passed "to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources."





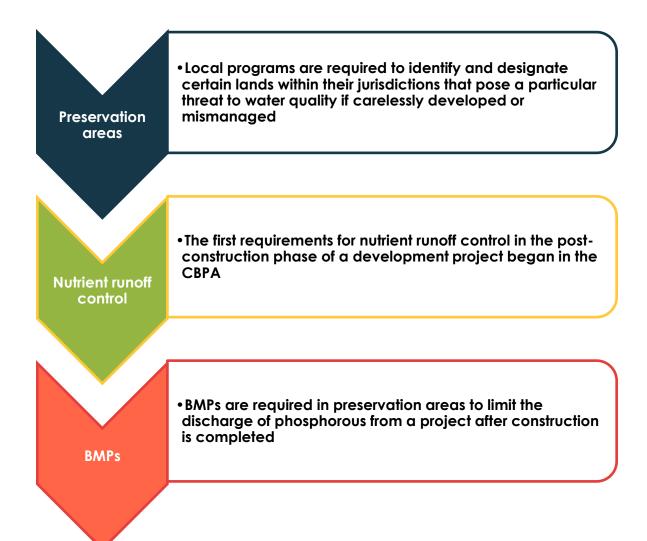


Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act

- Passed in 1988 with the expressed purpose of protecting "the public interest in the Chesapeake Bay, its tributaries, and other state waters."
- First law to regulate water quality (nutrients)
 on different land uses



Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act





Module 3b.

VSMP



Local Program Requirements

- VSMP administered in conjunction with:
 - MS4 program (if applicable)
 - ESC program (if applicable)





Local Program Requirements

- Other requirements of the locality:
 - Consistent with Regulations
 - Compatible with MS4 permit (if applicable)
 - At least as stringent as Construction GP
 - Provide requirements for long-term maintenance of stormwater management facilities



Local Program Requirements

 Locality VSMP authority must adopt an ordinance for the administration and enforcement of the program



- Informal and formal admin procedures
 - Ordinance must include components of:
 - Verbal warnings and inspection reports
 - Notice of corrective action
 - Consent orders including civil charges
 - Notices to comply





- Civil and criminal judicial enforcement
 - Ordinance must include:
 - Enforcement authority
 - Schedule of civil penalties

Max penalty = \$32,500/violation/day

 Criminal, misdemeanor, felony charges, and injunctions are also an option



Civil penalties may be imposed for:

No Construction GP registration

No SWPPP, incomplete SWPPP, SWPPP not available

No approved ESC and SWM plan

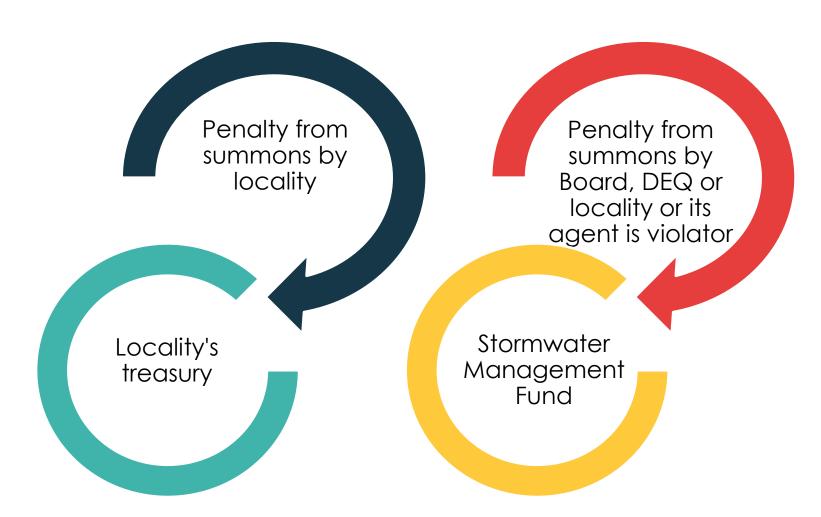
Failure to install BMPs or ESCs

Operational deficiencies

Failure to conduct required inspections

Incomplete, improper, or missing inspections







- Notice to comply
 - Served upon permittee if locality VSMP authority or DEQ determines failure to comply with permit conditions

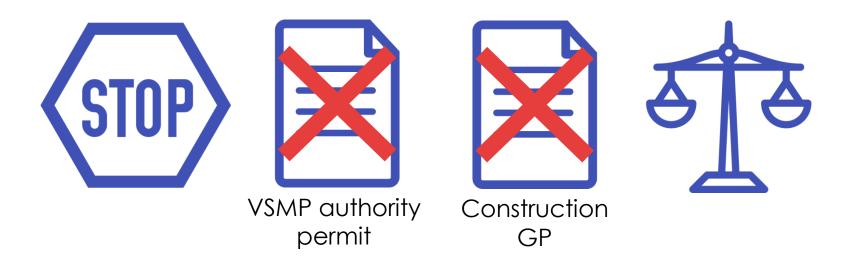


Notice to comply





- Notice to comply
 - Upon failure to comply within the time specified,
 the following actions may be taken:





- Stop work order
 - Land-disturbing activities must stop until:
 - Violation of the permit has ceased
 - Approved plan and required permits are obtained
 - Specified corrective measures have been completed



- Stop work order
 - Orders must be issued:
 - In accordance with local procedures if issued by locality VSMP authority
 - After hearing if issued by DEQ





- Stop work order
 - Order is effective:
 - Upon mailing with confirmation of delivery
 - Personal delivery





- Emergency order
 - Violation:
 - Grossly affects, or
 - Presents an imminent and substantial danger
 of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment
 deposition in waters within the watersheds of the
 Commonwealth or otherwise substantially impacts
 water quality



- Emergency order
 - May be issued:
 - Without advance notice or hearing
 - Requiring the activity to stop immediately



 Affirms, modifies, amends, or cancels the emergency order





- Injunctive relief
 - Board, DEQ, or local VSMP authority may request the court to compel compliance with:
 - Act
 - Rule
 - Regulation
 - Ordinance
 - Approved standard and specification
 - Order
 - Permit condition



Hearings

 Permit applicant, permittee, or person subject to the Construction GP requirements that was aggrieved by any action of the VSMP authority taken without a formal hearing, or by inaction of the VSMP authority, has the right to a hearing



Civil action

Violates:
Act
Regulations
Local ordinances
Standards +
specifications

Fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with order of:

Locality VSMP authority

DEQ

Board

Court

Court can assess penalty up to \$32,500 per violation per day



Consent order

Violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey: Act, local ordinance, permit condition, Regulation, order

May include civil charges up to \$32,500 for each violation



- Criminal actions for violators who act:
 - Willfully
 - Negligently
 - Knowlingly



Misdemeanor

Behavior	Punishment Individuals
Willfully or negligently violates: • VSMA • Regulations • Order • Permit • Ordinance	Jail for up to 12 months and/o fine between \$2,500 and \$32,500

Punishment Non individuals Fine ≥ \$10,000

Felony

Punishment

Non individuals

Fine ≥ \$10,000

Punishment

Individuals

Dellaviol
Knowingly violates:
• \/ \$ \ \ Δ

Behavior

VSMA
Regulations
Order
Permit
Ordinance
Knowingly makes a false statement in required form

Knowingly renders

monitoring device

inaccurate a

or method

Imprisonment 1-3 years and \$5,000 - \$50,000 fine

Felony

Benavior		

Punishment Individuals

Punishment Non individuals Fine up to the

Knowingly violates provision of VSMA and knows at the time they are placing another person in imminent danger or death or serious bodily harm

Imprisonment 2-15 years and/or fine up to \$250,000 Maximum fine and imprisonment doubled for subsequent convictions of same person

Fine up to the greater of \$1 million or 3x economic benefit as a result of the offense

Maximum fine and imprisonment doubled for subsequent convictions of same non individual

More Stringent Ordinances

Prevent Address further degredation **TMDL** to water requirements resources **Address Protect** specific exceptional pollution state waters concerns



Prohibiting BMPs and More Stringent BMP Requirements

Specific landdisturbing project

- Based on review of SWM plan and project site conditions
- Can be appealed to DEQ

Jurisdiction wide or specific geographical area

 Affected landowner or agent has 90 days from adoption to ask DEAQ to review locality's determination



Module 3c.

Documentation Requirements for Non-Locality VSMP Authorities



Documentation

 Non-locality VSMP authorities must have program documentation that's at least as stringent as the Construction GP





Documentation

- Accept registration statements and conduct plan review, plan approval, inspections and enforcement
- 2 ESC and SWM plan submission and approval
- 3 SWPPP compliance
- Inspections and monitoring of construction site by operator
- 5 Long-term inspection and maintenance
- Follow reporting and recordkeeping requirements



Module 3d.

Annual Standards and Specifications



Standards and specifications

What	Who Must	Who May	Permit
Set of standards & specifications approved by DEQ describing how LDA must be conducted	 State entities Linear projects: Electric Natural gas Telephone Railroad 	Federal entities	Obtained before the start of LDA



Module 3e.

The VSMP Process



Step 1: Plan preparation

- Erosion and sediment control plan
- Stormwater management plan



Step 1: Plan preparation

SWM plan

Discharge information

Contact information

Narrative

General
description of
SWM facility
O&M

SWM facility information

Hydrologic and hydraulic computations

Documentation for water quality & quantity compliance

Maps

Offsite options (if used)

Fee and form (if required)



Step 2: ESC and SWM Plan Submittal

Stormwater management plan

Must be reviewed and approved by VESCP authority

Must be reviewed and approved by VESCP authority

Must be reviewed and approved by and approved by VSMP authority



Step 3: Determination of Completeness

15 days to determine completeness of SWM plan

Step 4 & 5: Plan Review and Approval

 If a plan is complete and the applicant has been notified within 15 days of submission, the VSMP authority (plan reviewer) has 60 days from the time of notification to review the plan.

Step 6: SWPPP Completion





Pollution Prevention (P2) Plan

 Addresses potential pollutant generating activities that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of stormwater discharge from a construction activity and support activity



Step 7: Construction GP Registration Statement Submittal

 For projects greater than or equal to one acre, the operator must submit a complete and accurate registration statement and pay any required permit fees. By signing the registration statement, the operator is certifying they have prepared a SWPPP with the required plan approvals.



Step 8: Construction GP Issued by DEQ

 Once the VSMP authority determines an operator is ready for permit coverage, the registration statement information is entered into the Construction GP System and then DEQ issues coverage under the Construction GP by sending a Notice of Coverage Letter and copy of the Construction GP to the operator



Step 9: VSMP authority approval to start construction

 A locality VSMP authority may only approve the start of land-disturbance <u>after</u> DEQ has issued the Construction GP



Step 10: Inspections

- VSMP authority inspections
 - Periodically inspect for:
 - ☑ Compliance with ESC plan
 - Compliance with SWM plan
 - ☑ Development, updating, implementation of P2 plan
 - ☑ Development and implementation of additional control measures to address a TMDL (when required)



Step 11: Construction ends

 Before the operator can submit a notice of termination to the VSMP authority, the Construction GP requires them to meet certain permit termination requirements, which are discussed more in Module 5



Step 12: Notice of Termination

 Notice of termination should be submitted no later than 30 days after meeting the permit termination conditions



Step 13: Final inspections and maintenance agreements

 The VSMP authority may inspect a site to determine whether the operator has met the proper permit termination requirements



Step 14: Construction GP terminated by DEQ

Step 15: VSMP authority assembles and maintains records and documentation



Step 16: VSMP administrator returns bonds or securities

 Within 60 days of completing the requirements of the Construction GP, the VSMP authority returns or terminates any bonds or securities provided by the operator at the onset of the project.



Step 17: Inspections after construction

 The VSMP authority (inspector) must inspect stormwater management facilities at least once every five years to ensure they are being adequately maintained as designed



Module 3f.

Single-Family Detached Residential Structures



Single-Family

- Single-family detached residential structures disturbing ≥ 1 acre
 - Need coverage under the Construction GP
 - Do not complete registration statement
 - Download coverage letter from DEQ



Single-Family

- Agreement in lieu of a SWM plan
 - May be executed between VSMP authority and permittee of single family residence
 - Specifies how to comply with VSMP requirements



Single-Family

- Locality VSMP does not have to require longterm maintenance agreement for stormwater management facilities
- No maintenance agreement = no requirement for locality VSMP inspections
- Locality VSMP does not have to require construction record drawings



Module 3g.

Reports and Record Keeping



Reports and Record Keeping

Fiscal year reporting to DEQ

of permanent stormwater management facilities completed



of enforcement actions

of exceptions granted



Reports and Record Keeping

Record keeping



- Project records
- Registration statements



5 yrs.

Post-construction inspection reports



Construction record drawings

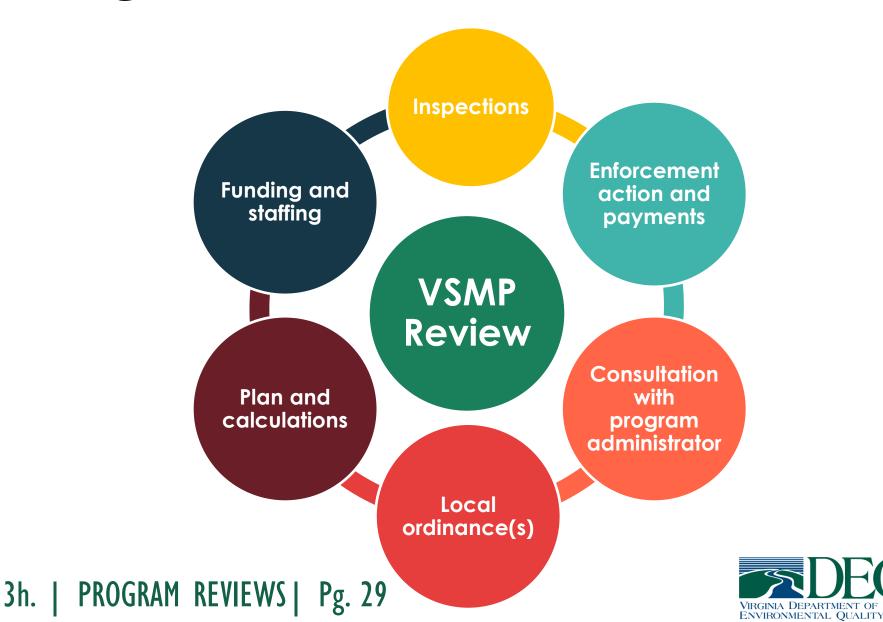


Module 3h.

Program Reviews



Program Reviews



Questions?

